

Club General Safety Manual

Issued by
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Version Control: -

Draft Version 4.0: June 2014 Revised: August 2016 Revised: December 2016

Distribution: -

Club Notice Board (Sea Room & Bar)
WYC Office (Manager & Sailing Secretary)
WYC Race Box
WYC Committee Boat
WYC Website



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1. Introduction

Whitstable Yacht Club is one of the oldest and largest sailing clubs in England. The Club is situated on the north coast of Kent where the Thames Estuary meets the North Sea. The club has been in existence from 1902 and has been in its present club house since 1906

The club comprises:

- A clubhouse
- Several equipment storage buildings
- An area on the beach for the members to store their boats
- An independent tenant sailing school, The Whitstable Watersports Centre (WWC)

WYC offers sailing including racing and tuition from March to December in sheltered waters at all times of the tide for catamarans, dinghies, and windsurfers with yachts in nearby creeks which dry out.

There is organised racing for dinghies and catamarans. The race area is normally but not exclusively in an area North West of the club in an area known as Whitstable Bay. The training area is normally located closer to the shore as shown in the WYC RTC operational procedures.

As a RYA Recognised Training Centre (RTC) the club's activities include tuition for members; the club's training activities are separate from but can be complementary to the independent WWC training operation on the club premises.

WYC property includes a clubhouse with bar, kitchen and changing rooms. As part of the club activity food and drink is available and social activities are held. This manual contains important information about the club's approach to safety for all areas within the club including sailing and related activities and use of the club building including non public work areas. It contains the club's risk assessments, safety policies and procedures. These are complementary to the WYC's operational procedures for training, and must be followed by individual members who are responsible for their own sailing when not involved in training or organised club activities.



2. Club Organisation

Whitstable Yacht Club (WYC) is a private members club run by the voluntary efforts of its members. Part of the operation of the club is undertaken by paid employees under the management of elected members

It is governed by a General Committee elected by the members. The General Committee of WYC has the responsibility for managing the safety of its employees, members and visitors whilst engaged in its organised activities both afloat and ashore.

The General Committee delegates various areas of responsibilities to sub-committees.

The sub committees are: -

- The Sailing Committee Responsible for programmed sailing activities and the onshore infrastructure and facilities to support them.
- Bar and Social Committee Responsible for all social, catering and catering activities
- House committee Responsible for the upkeep and maintenance of the club building

In addition, there is the club manager who looks after the day to day running of the club and who reports and takes instruction from the committees.

An organisational chart is Section 5.

WYC is affiliated to the Royal Yachting Association (RYA), recognizes RYA qualifications and in 2016 has applied to become a RYA Recognised Training Centre (RTC), providing tuition for adult and cadet members by qualified, volunteer staff. Sailing and windsurfing instruction for both members and non-members can also be provided on a commercial basis by Whitstable Watersports Centre (WWC), the independent sailing school operating from club premises. This manual does not cover WWC which has its own RYA recognition, policies and procedures.

Regular club racing is organised for club members; the race officer and supporting staff being club members who are volunteers.

Open meetings and championships for both members and non-members are also organised by the club.

Training and activities are organised for cadets

The club appoints a sailing safety officer (normally the Hon. Bosun) whose role is to advise the person responsible for specific activities afloat (race officers in the case of racing).



3. Sailing Activities

3.1. Safety Policies and Procedures

When completing application forms for joining the club and at membership renewal, members are required to sign that they have read, taken note and will follow the requirements of this manual. It is the responsibility of the owner/person in charge of a boat to ensure that the boat has the appropriate equipment and insurance and that crew are adequately skilled to face the conditions that may arise.

In addition to the mitigating procedures detailed in the risk assessments (Section 6) the following policies and procedures apply: -

3.2. Personal Responsibilities

- 3.2.1. The risk assessment for activities on the water makes "Personal Responsibility" clearer than it may have been in the past. All members of the club are expected to have read this manual and be clear about their own responsibilities.
- 3.2.2. The safety of a boat and her entire management including insurance shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/ person in charge who must ensure that the boat has the appropriate equipment and insurance and the crew are adequately skilled to face the conditions that may arise.
- 3.2.3.All participating members, or in the case of children aged up to and including 17 years of age under the guidance of their parents or guardians, are responsible for their own safety and insurance.
- 3.2.4.It is the individual's (or parent's) responsibility to ensure the suitability and condition of their own boats and equipment at all times. Note In the case of club boats, the individual using the boat is responsible for making sure it is suitable and safe to use before launching.
- 3.2.5. Members are expected to abide by the decisions of the responsible officers for all WYC sailing activities.
- 3.2.6.RYA sailing qualifications are recognised and recommended by WYC. However, such qualifications are not mandatory and their absence does not necessarily detract in any way from a member's competence.
- 3.2.7. Whilst the club provides sufficient patrol boat cover during organised WYC sailing events to mitigate risks, this does not detract in any way from sailor's personal responsibilities or the condition that they sail entirely at their own risk.

3.3. Organised WYC Sailing Events

- 3.3.1. Sailing events organised under the aegis of WYC might include; club racing, Whitstable Week and other regattas, open race meetings and class national championships. In addition training sessions may be organised by the club as a RYA RTC.
- 3.3.2.All organised WYC sailing events must be authorised in advance by the sailing committee. The committee will take the advice of the sailing safety officer when authorising such events. Organised events will normally be published in the WYC Programme booklet.
- 3.3.3.All events will have either a named organiser or in the case of racing events a Race Officer who will responsible for safety during the event. They will be issued with the



- Event Planning Document. This document when completed will be held by the office and a copy will be available.
- 3.3.4. When deciding to sail, the event organiser or Race Officer shall assess the risks using the risk assessments in appendix B as a base line. They will also take the advice of the club sailing safety officer or leading patrol boat driver. They will also take into account:
 - The actual and forecast weather conditions covering the activities.
 - The experience of the participants.
 - The proposed sailing area of the activity.
 - What patrol craft are available.
 - What equipment is available (e.g. safety equipment, first aid equipment)?
 - That means of communication, including radios if deemed appropriate, is available.
- 3.3.5. During the event, the organiser or race officer will keep the above conditions under constant review and will postpone or abandon the event if any change dangerously.
- 3.3.6.At least one patrol boat must be on the water to provide safety cover for all organised sailing events. The club sailing safety officer or leading safety patrol driver will take account of the type and number of boats sailing in the prevailing conditions to determine the number of safety patrol boats required. Each patrol boat will have at least two crew members, one of whom should hold a suitable qualification or have been deemed competent to operate the boat. (see section 3.6.4)
- 3.3.7.Communication between patrol boats, the committee boat and the shore will be coordinated during all events by a controller (in races this will be the race officer) from his / her position on the shore or from the committee boat.
- 3.3.8.A first aider will be available on shore during all events within easy communication of the shore controller and with access to a telephone to call emergency services if required.
- 3.3.9.It is mandatory for all participants on the water to wear CE50 Newton personal floatation device (PFD) during all organised WYC sailing events. These should be appropriate for the persons weight and size. Non-swimmers are particularly at risk and the wearing of an appropriate life jacket is mandatory. It is the responsibility of the participant to ensure that they are wearing a suitable PFD. A buoyancy suit does not constitute a PFD.
- 3.3.10. Appropriate clothing such as waterproofs, wet-suits or dry-suits should be worn depending on the air and sea temperature. It is the responsibility of the individual sailor to ensure they are dressed appropriately for the conditions.

3.4. Free-Sailing

3.4.1.Members participating in "free sailing" or cruising outside of WYC organised events are responsible for their own safety at all times. They should follow the safety advice for "free sailing" contained in appendix C and the WYC Programme booklet which is issued annually to all members . They should also take account of the personal responsibilities listed in the risk assessment at appendix B.



3.5. Use of club sailing boats

- 3.5.1. The club owns a small fleet of boats suitable for cadets and training, some of which are available to be chartered by individuals for a season. It is expected that boats are used for their prime purpose e.g. training, racing, cruising or other approved club activity.
- 3.5.2.Club boats are routinely checked and kept to a safe RTC standard and chartered boats must also be kept safe by the individual chartering the boat.
- 3.5.3. Members who have been given permission to use a club boat are expected to fully acquaint themselves with the operation of the boat and check it prior to use.
- 3.5.4.Members must report any breakage, loss or damage to club sailing boats to the Club Manager as soon as possible.

3.6. Use of patrol boats

(Both WYC owned boats and private boats supporting WYC activities)

- 3.6.1. The sailing committee, through the Hon. Bosun, is responsible for the WYC patrol boats including maintenance, fuelling and their allocation for club events. When the use of non WYC owned boats is required to support WYC activities, they are to comply with the same standards of serviceability, equipment and crew competency as WYC boats. It is the responsibility of the Hon. Bosun to ensure that they do.
- 3.6.2. The WYC patrol boats can only be used by those with the appropriate qualification and experience and approved by the Hon. Bosun.
- 3.6.3. The club patrol boats are not available for personal recreational use.
- 3.6.4. During organised WYC sailing activities the patrol driver(s) will hold the following qualifications: -
 - RYA Power Boat Level 2
 - First Aid Certificate
 - Briefed on WYC radio procedures and usage
- 3.6.5. Exceptionally, people under training who don't yet hold all the above qualifications may be authorised by the Hon. Bosun to drive patrol boats.
- 3.6.6. The club patrol boats will include the following equipment in accordance with RTC requirements for power boats (for which a full check list is provided in the club's RTC operational procedures): -
 - Radio
 - Flares
 - Paddles
 - First Aid Kit
 - "Crew-Safe" Tags
 - Anchor & warp
 - Tow lines
 - Sharp Knife
 - Wire cutters
- 3.6.7.The patrol boat driver shall be responsible for the safety of the crew and other passengers.



- 3.6.8. The patrol boat outboards are fitted with "kill cords" and these must be used by those in control at all times when the boats are in use on the water. Kill cords are to be worn round the leg and tested each time the engines are started, in accordance with RYA guidelines.
- 3.6.9. Any breakage, loss or damage to club patrol boats must be reported to the Hon. Bosun. as soon as possible.

3.7. Launching of Rescue and Support boats for Club use

(including the use of the dumper truck)

Launch and moving of rescue and support boats by any vehicle: -

- 3.7.1. Drivers shall do a visual check around vehicle for public before starting
- 3.7.2. Any movement of Vehicle must be with the use of a banksman
- 3.7.3. The hooking and unhooking of trailers must be done by the banksman where possible.
- 3.7.4.If driver has to step out of the vehicle, then engine must be stopped
- 3.7.5. The vehicle must be driven forward whenever possible.
- 3.7.6. The banksman must be in view of the driver at all times.
- 3.7.7.The operator must be in view of the banksman at all times. If they are unable to see the banksman then they must stop and wait for clearance to carry on
- 3.7.8. When collecting, or delivering to Rigdens shed the vehicle should not go any further than the end of the catamarans and not cross the public walkway. If Boats cannot be physically pushed from this point into the shed banksmen are required for the public walkway.
- 3.7.9. When delivering, and collecting boats from the Yacht club entrance then 3 banksmen must be available: -
 - 1 to walk in front of the dumper
 - 1 to stop the flow of public on the west side of the promenade
 - 1 to stop the flow of public on the east side of the promenade
 - Communication must be clear between all and the driver must stop on a call from any of them.
- 3.7.10. When not in use, the dumper is to be left with the articulated arm down, resting on the ground

Operational instructions associated with the use of the Dumper truck (all instructions above are included) are set out in a separate document and is to be read with the Dumper Truck Risk Assessment.



4. Accident and Emergency Procedures

Accident and Emergency Procedures are set out in Flow Charts, which are displayed during all training activities. The following procedures must be followed in the event of an accident leading to injury or the need for first aid or emergency medical treatment: -

4.1. Injury sustained whilst afloat

- 4.1.1.Initial first aid treatment will be given by the patrol boat driver(s) where/if appropriate
- 4.1.2.Initial first aid treatment will be given by the patrol boat driver(s) where/if appropriate.
- 4.1.3. The patrol boat will coordinate by radio with the beach or bridge controller to prepare shore reception so that the injured person can be brought ashore as soon as possible.
- 4.1.4.The patrol boat driver will stay with the injured person until another first aider or the emergency services take over.
- 4.1.5. If the injury is more serious and an ambulance is required, the patrol boat driver will inform the shore or bridge coordinator by radio. (If necessary an ambulance can be called directly by the Patrol boat by contacting the coastguard by radio on channel 16.)
- 4.1.6. The beach or bridge coordinator will coordinate: -
 - Shore reception to aid bringing the injured person ashore
 - A first aider to relieve the patrol boat driver
 - An ambulance to be called if required
 - People sent to the harbour entrance and by the RNLI to direct the ambulance to the most appropriate place

4.2. Injury sustained on land

- 4.2.1. Stay with the injured person and get someone to find a first aider.
- 4.2.2.Administer first aid treatment where/if appropriate.
- 4.2.3. Call for an ambulance if the injury is more serious.
- 4.2.4.A first aid kits are located: -
 - WYC clubhouse
 - Committee boat
 - Club patrol boats.
- 4.2.5. These Kits will be checked periodically by the club manager to ensure they are properly equipped
- 4.2.6.A list of Qualified First Aiders is posted on the club notice board, in the Sea Room First Aid box and in the race hut.

4.3. WYC Major Incident Procedure

A Major Incident is an incident involving life threatening or serious injury. A flow chart setting out Major Incident Procedure is displayed during training activity. In the event of any serious accident or incident which directly or indirectly concerns or involves WYC the following procedures must be followed:

For incidents requiring medical attention the priority must be to give first aid treatment or call an ambulance or other emergency services as necessary. Follow the Accident & Emergency Procedures in section 4.

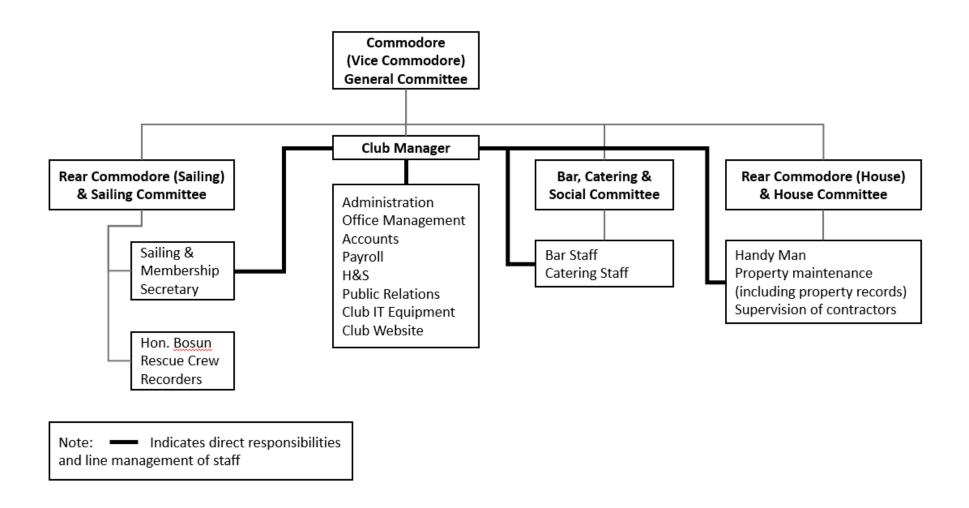


Once this is done: -

- 4.3.1.Report the incident to the Commodore, Club Manager or any club official if they are not available. (Telephone numbers are in the WYC Programme an on the club website)
- 4.3.2.Initially it is only necessary to discuss the incident with members of the relevant public services e.g. Police, Ambulance, Fire, Coastguard etc.
- 4.3.3. Any equipment involved in a Major Incident should be "quarantined" pending official investigation
- 4.3.4.The Commodore or club manager will initiate and maintain contact with other agencies and parties: -
 - RYA
 - MCA
 - Club Insurers
- 4.3.5.The Commodore will authorise all communication with the media (press. TV etc)



5. Club Organogram





6. Risk Assessments

Highly unlikely	Trivial risk	Low risk	Medium risk
Unlikely	Low risk	Medium risk	High risk
Likely	Medium risk	High risk	STOP

Risk level	Action and Timescale
Trivial	No action required and no documentary record needs to be kept.
Low	No additional physical control measures are required, however monitoring is necessary to ensure that the controls are maintained.
Medium	Efforts should be made to reduce the risk and the reduction measures should be implemented within a defined period. Where the medium
	risk is associated with extremely harmful consequences, further assessment may be necessary to establish more precisely the likelihood of
	harm as a basis for determining the need for improved control measures.
High	Work should not be started until the risk has been reduced to an acceptable level. Considerable resources may be allocated to reduce the
	risk. Where the risk involves work in progress, urgent action should be taken.
Stop	Work should not be started or continued until the risk has been reduced. If it is not possible to reduce risk even with unlimited
	resources, work must remain prohibited.



6.1. Sailing Activities (General – see also the WYC RTC RA for sail training activities)

All activities wh	ilst afloat				Dated asse	ssed - 01/06/20	14
					Action and	Review	
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed
Drowning	Club Sailors	The wearing of CE50 Newton personal floatation device & appropriate clothing b. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions c. Individual responsibility for seaworthiness of boats	Low			Sailing Committee	
Hypothermia	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Low			Sailing Committee	
Death from cold shock	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Low			Sailing Committee	
Serious injury whilst afloat (no other boat involved)	Club Sailors	 a. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions b. Individual responsibility for seaworthiness of boats 	Low			Sailing Committee	



Collision whilst	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility and awareness	Medium		Sailing	
afloat leading		for assessing own competency in relations			Committee	
to either injury		to prevailing conditions				
or boat		b. Individual responsibility to keep a proper				
damage		lookout and to take appropriate avoiding action				
Risk of injury	Club Sailors	Individual responsibility to watch out for	Low		Sailing	
to other water users	and public	other water users, particularly swimmers, canoers, and sailing school students whilst close to shore			Committee	

Dinghy Racing		Dated assessed - 01/06/2014								
							Action and Review			
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed			
All hazards in Section1 above	Club Sailors	As in Section6.1.1 above PLUS a. Wearing of CE50 Newton personal floatation device mandatory when racing b. Provision of appropriately equipped patrol boats with trained crews c. No racing organised in coldest months	Low			Sailing Committee				



Collision whilst racing leading to either injury or boat damage	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Medium	Sailing Committee
Death from cold shock	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Low	Sailing Committee
Serious injury whilst afloat (no other boat involved)	Club Sailors	 a. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions b. Individual responsibility for seaworthiness of boats 	Low	Sailing Committee
Collision whilst afloat leading to either injury or boat damage	Club Sailors	 a. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions b. Individual responsibility to keep a proper lookout and to take appropriate avoiding action 	Medium	Sailing Committee
Risk of injury to other water users	Club Sailors and public	Individual responsibility to watch out for other water users, particularly swimmers, canoers, and sailing school students whilst close to shore	Low	Sailing Committee

Free Sailing (including Dinghy Cruising)	Dated assessed - 01/06/2014
	Action and Review



Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed
All hazards in Section1 above	Club Sailors	As in Section 6.1.1 above PLUS a. Individual responsibility to let someone know of your intentions. b. Individual responsibility to ensure that there is adequate means to raise the alarm from the sea. c. Individual responsibility to ensure boat has appropriate equipment Follow the "Safety Advice For Free Sailing" in	Medium			Sailing Committee	
Collision whilst racing leading to either injury or boat damage	Club Sailors	appendix C a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Medium			Sailing Committee	
Death from cold shock	Club Sailors	a. Individual responsibility to assess the prevailing conditions and to wear appropriate clothing	Low			Sailing Committee	



Serious injury whilst afloat (no other boat involved)	Club Sailors	 a. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions b. Individual responsibility for seaworthiness of boats 	Low	Sailing Committee
Collision whilst afloat leading to either injury or boat damage	Club Sailors	 a. Individual responsibility and awareness for assessing own competency in relations to prevailing conditions b. Individual responsibility to keep a proper lookout and to take appropriate avoiding action 	Medium	Sailing Committee
Risk of injury to other water users	Club Sailors and public	Individual responsibility to watch out for other water users, particularly swimmers, canoers, and sailing school students whilst close to shore	Low	Sailing Committee

Windsurfing	Vindsurfing					Dated assessed - 01/06/2014		
					Action and Review			
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed	



All hazards in	Club Sailors	As in Sections 6.1.1 and 6.1.3 above PLUS	Low		Sailing	
Section1&3		a. Wearing of a CE50 Newton personal				
above		floatation device is mandatory for those				
		aged under 18 years				

Patrol Craft & Com	mittee Boat	Dated assessed - 01/06/2014 Action and Review					
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action and Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed
All hazards in Section 1 above Plus	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers And Race Management	As in Sections 6.1.1 and 6.1.3 above PLUS Personal Floatation Devices must conform to RYA guidelines and be suitable for undertaking duties of a safety boat driver or crew	Low			Sailing Committee	
Injury caused by contact with, or boarding, patrol/committee boat	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers And Race Management	 a. Only trained drivers to operate patrol boats b. Mandatory use and testing of the kill-cords in accordance with RYA guidelines c. Briefing of patrol boat crews d. Briefing of committee boat users e. Only trained drivers to operate the 	Medium			Sailing Committee	



		f. Do not use of the committee boat when conditions make crew transfer unsafe.				
Injury caused whilst laying or recovering marks	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers And Race Management	a. Appropriate patrol boat crew training b. Appropriate serviceable equipment available	Low		Sailing Committee	
Injury caused whilst laying or recovering committee boat anchor(s)	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers And Race Management	a. Adequate trained manpower to be available b. Use of winch if required	Medium		Sailing Committee	



6.2. Shore side Risks

Shore side Risks	1				Dated assessed - 01/06/2014			
					Action and Review			
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed	
Tripping, falling on ramp	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers, Race Management and Public	a. Keep ramp clear of weedb. Careful stacking of trolleysc. Boat parking in authorised allocated spaces only.	Low			Sailing Committee		
Tripping, falling on beach	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers, Race Management and Public	Keep beach clear of debris Careful stacking of trolleys Boat parking in authorised allocated spaces only.	Low			Sailing Committee		
Injury during launch and recovery of member's boats	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers, Race Management and Public	 Individual responsibility for assessing skills/ability levels in relation to conditions. Individual responsibility to be aware of others. 	Low					



Injury when	Club Sailors	Dumper truck only used by authorised	Low	Sailing	
launching and	Rescue Boat	driver		Committee	
recovering club patrol boats	drivers, Race Management and Public	 Banksman to be used at all times Briefing and training of those involved Boat parking in authorised allocated spaces only. 			
Injury when rigging or moving boats around WYC property	Club Sailors Rescue Boat drivers, Race Management and Public	 Individual responsibility to be aware of others (especially general public on sea wall and ramp) Individual responsibility for security of boats (especially vulnerable when left with sails up) Appropriate handling of windsurfing rigs whilst ashore. 	Medium	Sailing Committee	

Launching o	f rescue and support	Dated assessed - 13/07/2014						
A						Action and Review		
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date / Date Completed	



Vehicle movement (General) Contact with moving vehicles	Patrol Boat Crew & Public – Major injuries – potential fatality	All drivers must have read the Operators Manual Club rules for vehicle movements adhered to. Visibility of banksman enhanced where required by provision of high viz waistcoat. People kept away from moving vehicles, particularly when reversing, No entering of Rigdens Shed by Vehicles In exceptional circumstances the operation is reviewed and either held off until beach is clearer or Patrol boat manually pulled up ramp	Low	Club instructions to keep area at end of Catamaran parking to be clear of trailers or vehicles during launch and recovery of Rescue and Support boats	Sailing Committee	
Reversing Contact with moving vehicle	Patrol Boat Crew & Public – Major injuries – potential fatality	Reversing vehicles supervised by a banksman if assessment requires. Direction signals to be agreed between banksman and driver. Visibility of banksman enhanced where required by provision of high viz waistcoat Banksman to stand in a position where they can supervise the work and away from a position where they may be struck by the vehicle being directed or other vehicles People kept away from moving vehicles, particularly when reversing	Medium		Sailing Committee	



Reversing Trapping	Patrol Boat Crew & Public — Major injuries — potential fatality	When reversing up to beach – banksman standing to one side (in line of sight of driver) Driver must be aware of presence of banksman and to take instruction from them	Low		Sailing Committee
Vehicle movement Contact between vehicle and fixed structures	Major vehicle and property damage	Inspection of routes before vehicle movement, in particular to identify any obstructions including corners with limited turning circles	Low	Tests to be done with reversing sensor	Sailing Committee
Launching Boats Trapping	Patrol Boat Crew & Public – Major injuries – potential fatality	Rescue Boat shall not be released from winch until boat is at water's edge, No access to trailer until tow Vehicles driver has indicated the Vehicle is ready	Medium		Sailing Committee
Launching Boats Trapping between steering point	Patrol Boat Crew & Public – Major injuries – potential fatality	Tow Vehicle shall not move until Banksman has checked steering point is clear	Low		Sailing Committee



Launching	Patrol Boat	Rescue Boat crew shall indicate that they are			
Boats	Crew- Minor	to leave boat and will not do so until tow			
Falling from Patrol Boat	injuries	vehicle indicates he is ready and the two vehicle is parked			



6.3. Club Buildings including Race Hut

Race Hut op	eration and acc	ess			Dated assessed - 01/06/2014				
					Action and Review				
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed		
Main stairs at front of building	Club Members Visitors	No Current Control Measures	High	Close off all general access to the stairs apart from maintaining fire route.	Place signs at top and bottom indicating no access and to use	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014		
Climbing and descending	Staff Tripping and falling from height				the internal stairs Place chain at top and bottom access		Date Completed 00/00/2014		
				Long term - Replace stairs	House committee to budget and plan	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014		
Handrails on roof area	Club Members Visitors Staff	No Current Control Measures	High	General access – place warning signs indicating potential hazard	Place signs indicating fall hazard on handrail at top of fire stairs	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed		



	falling from						00/00/2014
	height			Restrict access for children to only went accompanied by an adult	Place signage to indicating child to be accompanied by adult	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
				Long term – replace handrails including mesh or bar at lower level for children	House committee to budget and plan	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
Access from roof to committee room	Club Members Visitors Staff Trip hazard	Control measures to be confirmed	Medium	Signs placed to indicate step and trip hazard.	Place sign on outside to warn of trip hazard at access point	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
				Short to medium temp - Temporary steps and landings created to give clear access	House to plan and build a suitable temporary platform to give clear access	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
				Long term – design and build suitable access		House Committee	Required Completion Date



Lighting on roof area	Club Members Visitors Staff	Adequate Emergency lighting provided	Medium	Lighting to be tested to confirm adequate for emergency access	House committee to budget and plan Scheduled lighting test to be actioned.	House Committee	00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014 Required Completion Date 00/00/2014
	Trip hazard						Date Completed 00/00/2014
				Restrict access for children to only went accompanied by an adult	Place signage to indicating child to be accompanied by adult	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
				Long term — replace handrails	House committee to budget and plan	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed 00/00/2014
Access from roof to ground floor	Club Members Visitors Staff Trip hazard	No Control Measures	Medium	Access to ground floor to be clear of all obstacles	Check for clear route to be added to Club managers daily walk around and obstacles removed – Users	House Committee	Required Completion Date 00/00/2014 Date Completed



					to be advised to keep route clear		00/00/2014
Use of	Club	No Control Measures	Low	Danger of electrocution	Fit RCD in circuit	House Committee/	Required Completion
electrical	Members			with the race hut to be	so that power is	Sailing Committee	Date
equipment	Visitors			treated as an external shed	tripped on earth		00/00/2014
in race hut	Staff				fault		
	e						Date Completed
	Electrocution						00/00/2014

Kitchen and Te	a Bar				Dated assessed - 01/06/2014				
							Action and Review		
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed		
Tripping and Slips Doorways (rain), spillages, uneven surfaces	Staff and Club Members may be injured if they trip over objects, or slip on spillages, eg food or drink spilled/dropped on the floor.	A Kitchen equipment is well maintained and any leaks are promptly reported B Drainage channels and drip trays are provided where spills are likely C Staff clean up spillages immediately and leave the floor dry D There are no trailing cables or obstructions in walkways E Steps are clearly highlighted	Low	Make sure all staff wear suitable footwear with a good grip	Date to be entered	Club Manager			



Manual handling Lifting and moving heavy objects or objects that are difficult to grasp	Staff risk injuries or back pain from handling heavy/bulky objects, eg trays of crockery or boxes of ingredients.	A Appropriate equipment is available to move heavy items and staff are trained to use it safely B Ingredients are bought in package sizes that are light enough for easy handling wherever possible C Commonly used items and heavy goods are stored and are accessible at the appropriate height	Low	Remind staff that deliveries (except for stock that can be easily carried) should always be moved using the trolley	Club Manager
		D The sink is at an appropriate height to prevent stooping			
Contact with heat Steam, hot water, hot oil and hot	Staff may suffer scalds or burns when they are handling hot substances or come into contact with hot surfaces	Staff are trained how to handle hot oils and how to safely use, empty and clean the ryers Water mixer taps are provided	Low	Display 'hot water' signs at the sinks and 'hot surface' signs at the hot plates	Club Manager
surfaces		Heat-resistant gloves, cloths and aprons are providedAll staff wear long sleeves		Make sure pan- handles are in good condition	Club Manager
		Staff know about the risks of steam		Make sure all staff are trained how to use the coffee machine safely	Club Manager



Knives	Staff preparing food risk injuries from contact with blades.	Staff use the right knives for the job Staff are trained in the safe use, maintenance and storage of knives	Low	Tell staff that they must only use suitable cutters for opening packages and must not use knives	Club Manager	
Food handling	Staff risk skin irritation or dermatitis from frequent hand washing and some can develop skin allergies from handling certain foods.	 Wherever possible and sensible, staff use tools (cutlery, tongs scoops etc) to handle food rather than their hands Food grade, single use, non-latex gloves are used for tasks that can cause skin 	Low	 Remind staff to thoroughly dry their hands after washing them Remind staff to 	Club Manager Club	
		problems, eg salad washing, vegetable peeling and fish filleting •Where handling cannot be avoided hands are rinsed promptly after finishing the task		check for dry, red or itchy skin on their hands	Manager	
Contact with cleaning chemicals Bleach and washing chemicals	Staff risk skin irritation or eye damage from direct contact with cleaning chemicals. Vapor from cleaning chemicals may cause breathing problems.	 Where possible, cleaning products marked 'irritant' are avoided and milder alternatives are used instead A dishwasher is used Staff are shown how to use and store cleaning products safely, and never to transfer chemicals to an unmarked container Mops, brushes and protective gloves are provided and used Staff rinse gloves after using them and store them in a clean place 	Low	Same as actions above	Club Manager	



Gas	Staff and	Gas appliances, flues, pipe work and	Low	Contact Gas Safe		
appliances	customers could	safety devices are serviced and maintained		engineer to fit		
	suffer	by a Gas Safe registered engineer as per		suitable flame		
	serious/fatal	manufacturer's recommendations		failure device on		
	injuries because of an explosion or release of gas.	Staff know where the main isolation tap is and how to safely turn off the supply in an emergency		oven		
Electrical	Staff could get	Plugs and sockets etc are suitable for a	Low	Do regular tests of	Club	
equipment	shocks or burns	kitchen environment		RCD trip buttons	Manager	
and from faulty electrical equipment. Kitchen equipment, fans, sockets can also lead to fires.	Residual current devices (RCDs) are installed on electricity supplies to hand-held and portable appliances		according to manufacturer's instructions			
	can also lead to	• Staff are trained in basic electrical safety and do pre-use visual checks. Any defective equipment, plugs, discoloured sockets, damaged cables and on/off switches are promptly reported				
		Any faulty equipment is promptly taken out of use				
		Staff know where the fuse box is and how to safely turn off the electricity in an emergency				
		• Safety checks of the electrical equipment and installations are carried out to ensure that the equipment continues to be safe. Where necessary this is done by a competent electrician				



Fire Faulty electrics, arson	If trapped, staff and customers could suffer fatal injuries from smoke inhalation or burns	Fire risk assessment has been done, and any necessary action taken,	Low		Club Manager	
Machines	Staff risk serious injury from contact with dangerous/moving parts on machines	 All new equipment is checked before first use to make sure that there are no obvious accessible dangerous moving parts Staff are trained how to assemble, operate and clean machines and to report any defective equipment Any dangerous machinery parts are suitably guarded and are checked daily Safety-critical repairs are carried out by competent person 	Low	Remind staff to always switch off from power supply before cleaning or carrying out maintenance	Club Manager	
Pressure systems Coffee machines, pressure fryers etc	Staff and customers may suffer serious/fatal injury from explosion.	Equipment is examined by a qualified engineer				
Working at height	Falls from any height can cause bruising and fractures.	Appropriate equipment, eg suitable ladder, is provided and staff are shown how to use it safely	Low	Check the condition of the ladder before use – look for signs of wear and tear	Club Manager	



Placing stock on high shelves		 Items used frequently are stored in an accessible area Ladders only used for short duration jobs eg those taking less than 30 minutes 		If there is a risk of anything falling that could injure someone, make sure no-one comes into the area below the work.	Club Manager	
Workplace temperature	Kitchen staff may suffer ill health in hot working conditions.	Fans and extractors are provided to control the air temperature	Low	Staff are encouraged to take rest breaks in cooler conditions when required	Club Manager	
Risk of burns from deep fat fryer	Kitchen Staff Risks of scalds and burns from frying food and removing food from the deep fat fryer. Risk of slipping due to oil spillages during the cooking and removal of food from the fryer.	 Staff induction competence training Staff issued with safety shoes. Personal Protective Clothing. Wet floor signs to be used. Correct use of equipment for removing cooked food from the fryer onto clean racks Fryers only to be turned on when in use and never left unattended. Defects to be reported and fryer not to be used until repaired Oil spillages to be cleaned up immediately 	Low			



• Procedures in place for emptying and re filling fryer with clean oil			
• Staff instructed to clear up any spillages for their own and other staff safety.			

Second Floor ar	econd Floor and Bunk Rooms					Dated assessed – 12/08/2014		
	A				Action and	Review		
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed	
Guest getting locked out	Distress and entrapment. Guests	Full briefing on methods when checking in	Low	Make sure all full and temporary trained in methods of use	1/10/14	Club Manager		

Ground Floo	round Floor and Bar					Dated assessed – 12/08/2014		
,					Action and Review			
Hazard	Who may be	Current Control Measures	Risk	Comments or	Action	Responsible	Required	
	harmed and		Rating	Recommendations	Required	Person/	Completion	
	how			for Additional		Committee	date /Date	
				Controls			Completed	



Step at walkway though to office corridor from wetroom	Club Members and Staff - Trip hazard	Hazard non-slip tape on edge	Low	Regular monitoring of markings, renew when worn with White Paint or other suitable markings on step	1/10/14	Club Manager House Committee
Step in bar area though to South end of building	Club Members and Staff - Trip hazard	Hazard non-slip tape on edge	Low	Regular monitoring of markings, renew when worn with White Paint or other suitable markings on step	1/10/14	Club Manager
Shutter dividing bar and wetroom area	Club Members and Staff	Bar Staff to have clear view of shutter as it is closed. To do final check when closed	Low	All Staff to be trained in operation	1/10/14	Club Manager
Shutter closing bar counter	Club Members and Staff -Crush Hazard	Bar Staff to check shutter area is clear before closing.	Low	All Staff to be trained in operation	1/10/14	Club Manager

Basement and changing rooms	Dated assessed – 12/08/2014
	Action and Review



Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed
Stairs to mens changing room and toilets	Club Members and Staff - Trip hazard	edge strips and mark edge of step in place	medium	Add check to Club Managers weekly check. On condition and replace or revive when required		House Committee	
Mens Toilets	Club Members and Staff - Slip Hazard	Cleaning of floor on a daily basis	low	Install sign at entrance to toilet warning of slip hazard		House Committee	
Mens Changing room and showers	Club Members and Staff	Cleaning floors on a daily basis	low	Install sign at entrance to toilet warning of slip hazard		House Committe	
Stairs to Ladies Changing rooms and toilets	Club Members and Staff	Cleaning floors on a daily basis	low	Mark edge of steps with white paint or other suitable markings		House Committee	

Outside including marquee area	Dated assessed – 12/08/2014		
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					Action and Review		
Hazard	Who may be harmed and how	Current Control Measures	Risk Rating	Comments or Recommendations for Additional Controls	Action Required	Responsible Person/ Committee	Required Completion date /Date Completed
Stairs to Decking	Club Members and Staff - Trip hazard	edge strips and mark edge of step in place	medium	Add check to Club Managers weekly check. On condition and replace or revive when required		House Committee	
Marquee	Club Members and Staff - Crush Hazard	Regular maintenance and repair	low	Record maintenance checks to make sure regular checks happen		House Committee	
Chairs on Decking	Club Members and Staff - Fall and crush hazard	Use of benches in decking area	Low	Restrict use of chairs on decking that legs can fall down slots			

6.4. Whitstable Watersports Centre

Whitstable Watersports Centre runs as a separate facility with its own structure. As such it produces its own risk assessments and methods of working. These are checked and held on file by WYC



7. Safety Advice for Free Sailing

The club is open every day of the week for the use of members. Expert advice and support boats are only available during club organised sailing activities. Members are responsible for their own safety at all times. In the case of children and youths, parents or guardians are expected to exercise appropriate supervision.

The following suggestions are for guidance only: -

- Arrange to go out with another similar boat and watch out for each other.
- Check the weather forecast ideally Inshore Waters special forecasts.
- Check times and heights of tides in your chosen area.
- Avoid sailing in a dying wind on an ebb tide
- Check your boat's buoyancy and fixings
- Realistically assess yourself, your crew and your boat's ability to cope.
- Ask experienced sailing people for a second opinion if possible.
- Dress warmly for the conditions it is easier to take off a layer than put it on.
- Wear personal buoyancy, properly done up, at all times afloat.
- Sail within your 'comfort zone'. Don't take risks.
- Watch the sky upwind for black clouds, fog, rain or wind direction changes.
- Go ashore if you have doubts or get cold or tired there's always another day.
- Always sail in an area to the west of the harbour.
- If you capsize and can't right it, stay with the boat. Never try to swim to shore.
- Carry a mobile phone in a plastic bag or waterproof container.
- Carry a compass and a waterproof watch. Practice sailing a compass course so you can cope with poor visibility.
- Tell a reliable person ashore where you are going and give them your mobile telephone number(s).
- Arrange a time for your shore mate either to contact you or to raise the alarm.
- Avoid shipping routes and fishing grounds if possible.
- Watch all around for shipping, other boats and obstacles.
- Tell your shore mate to stand down when you come ashore.
- Don't stay out alone after your sailing partner comes in.

Additional advice for Dinghy Cruising

- Take drinking water, food or trail bars, extra clothing, paddles or oars, an anchor and warp, towrope, small flare kit, first aid kit and a small toolkit including; knife, pliers, wire cutter, shackles, cord, gaffer tape.
- Also, consider; a marine radio, waterproof charts, waterproof torch, outboard motor with extra fuel and spare shear pin
- Ensure that you have the ability to reef or lower sails whilst afloat.

(Also published in the club's annual programme booklet)